

## **High-Turnout Elections Continue After Iowa Passes Reforms**

As Iowa sees record primary turnout after implementing critical election reforms, baseless claims of voter suppression ring hollow.

## HIGH TURNOUT & CONTINUED SUCCESS

- Almost 240,000 Iowans have already <u>voted</u> in the 2022 midterms, as of October 31st.
  - University of Iowa political science professor Tim Hagle recently predicted high turnout for Iowa's midterm elections – potentially even "<u>better than usual</u>, better than average."
- Iowa's primary election turnout <u>soared</u> to near-record highs in 2022, as over 350,000 voters made their way to the polls this spring.
  - o The state <u>recorded</u> its second-highest primary turnout since 1994.
  - o Over 73,000 Iowans voted absentee, <u>marking</u> the second-highest absentee voter turnout in state history.
  - o Iowa's strong voter participation flies in the face of Democratic scare tactics and baseless claims of voter suppression.
- The KCCI Editorial Board <u>agrees</u> that with the "countless resources" available to Iowa voters this year, there is "no excuse for not being educated and prepared" to vote.
- Story County Auditor Lucy Martin reported having <u>no complications</u> with Iowa's new regulations in the first days of early voting.
- One Iowa State freshman <u>applauded</u> Iowa's "easy and accessible" voting this year, while two
  retired Iowa State professors said they had not been impacted by the new regulations.

## IOWA ENSURES ELECTION INTEGRITY

- In 2021, Iowa <u>took action</u> to protect its election integrity and restore voter confidence by passing a critical set of common-sense election security measures.
- Governor Kim Reynolds <u>praised</u> the law, S.F. 413, for strengthening Iowa's election uniformity and promoting "transparency and accountability, giving Iowans even greater confidence to cast their ballot."
- <u>S.F. 413</u> provides a variety of long-overdue measures to <u>safeguard</u> the state's elections:
  - o Ballots must now arrive by the time polls close on election day in order to be counted.
  - o Iowa will have a 20-day early voting period, and polls will close at 8:00 p.m.
  - o Bars officials from mailing ballot request forms unless a voter asks for one.
  - The law makes it a felony for election officials to violate state election laws or guidance from the secretary of state.
  - The law eliminates "ballot trafficking" by limiting who is permitted to return a voter's absentee ballot to family and caregivers.
  - o Finally, the law allows requires drop boxes to be monitored and secured.

## DEBUNKING LEFT-WING CRITICISM

- Left-wing activists are desperate to mislead Iowans with hollow claims about the reality of election integrity efforts.
- Near-record <u>turnout</u> in Iowa's recent primary election perfectly demonstrates the absurdity of left-wing <u>fearmongering</u> about "voter suppression" and so-called attacks on democracy.
- Progressives have been quick to criticize Iowa's shortening of election day voting hours. In reality, this reform simply puts the state <u>on par</u> with four of its neighbors: Wisconsin, Illinois, Missouri and Minnesota.
- The left has echoed these false attacks on numerous states that have enacted election integrity legislation, like <u>Georgia</u> and <u>Florida</u>, but the turnout figures have proven them wrong.